

Tel-Aviv Metro Project

Status and Challenges

Facts and Figures

The largest and most complex project ever delivered in Israel!

2034-2037

**Stage A-
Operation**

\$40-50bn
Estimated cost

+30%

**Increase use of
public transport**

\$8.5bn

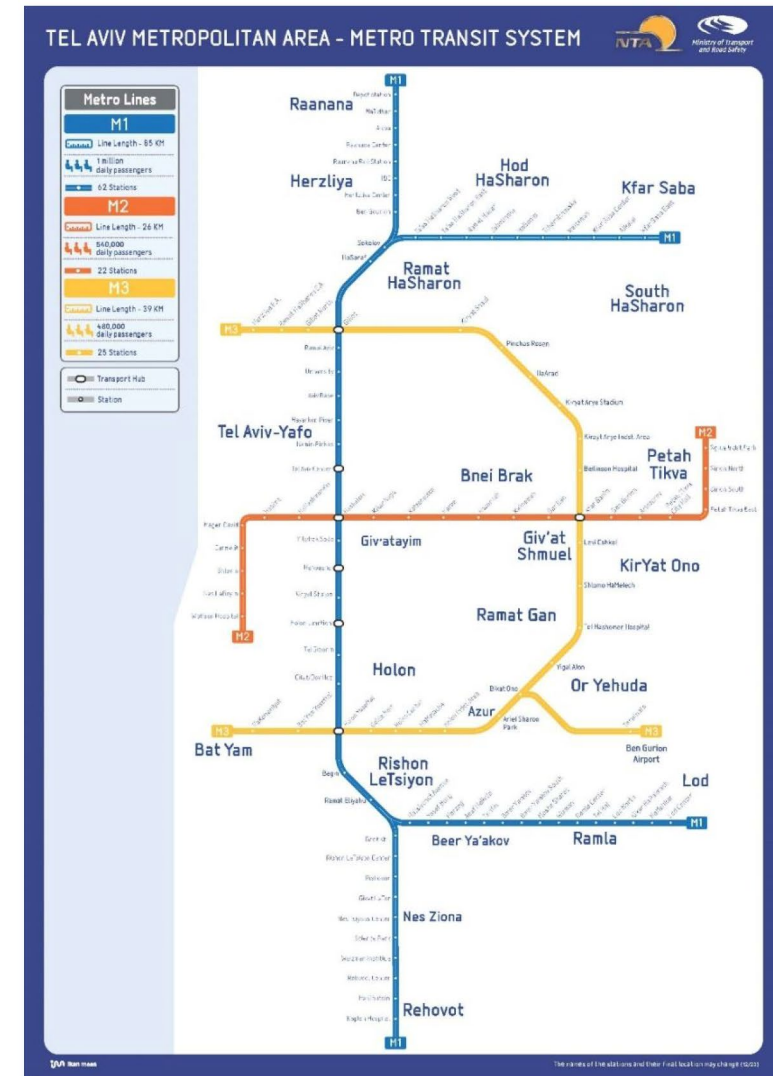
**Economic
benefits**

2 mil

**Passengers per
day**

General Overview

- **3 Lines (M1/M2/M3)**
- **150 km** Underground Network (double tunneling)
- **109 Stations**
- **24 Municipalities**
- **4 Depots**
- **7 Transportation Hubs**



M1 Highlights

85
km Length

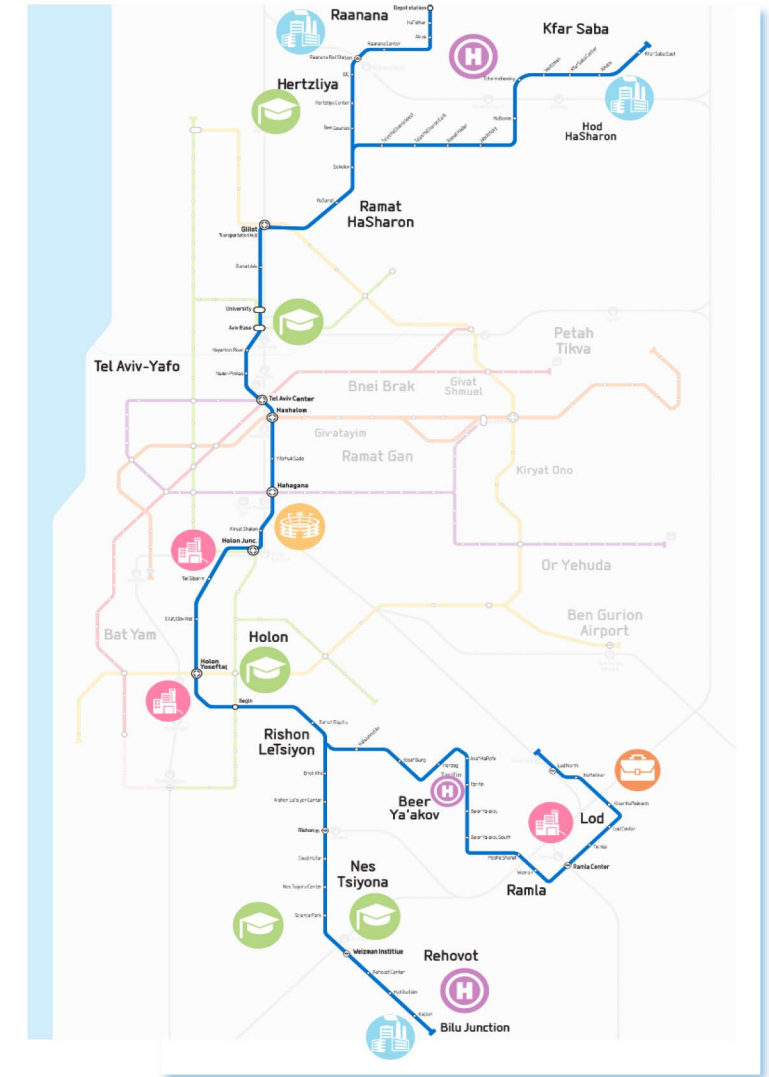
62
Stations

15
Transfer Stations

14
Municipalities

2
Depots

-  Academic Institutions
-  Sport stadium
-  Employment Centers
-  Development areas
-  Industrial / commercial zone
-  Hospitals



M2 Highlights

25

km Length

22

Stations

8








Transfer Stations

9

Municipalities

1

Depot

-  Development areas
-  Academic Institutions
-  Sport stadium
-  Industrial / commercial zone
-  Market
-  Theater
-  Hospitals



M3 Highlights

39

km Length

25

Stations

12

Transfer Stations

13

Municipalities

1

Depot



Hospitals



Employment Centers



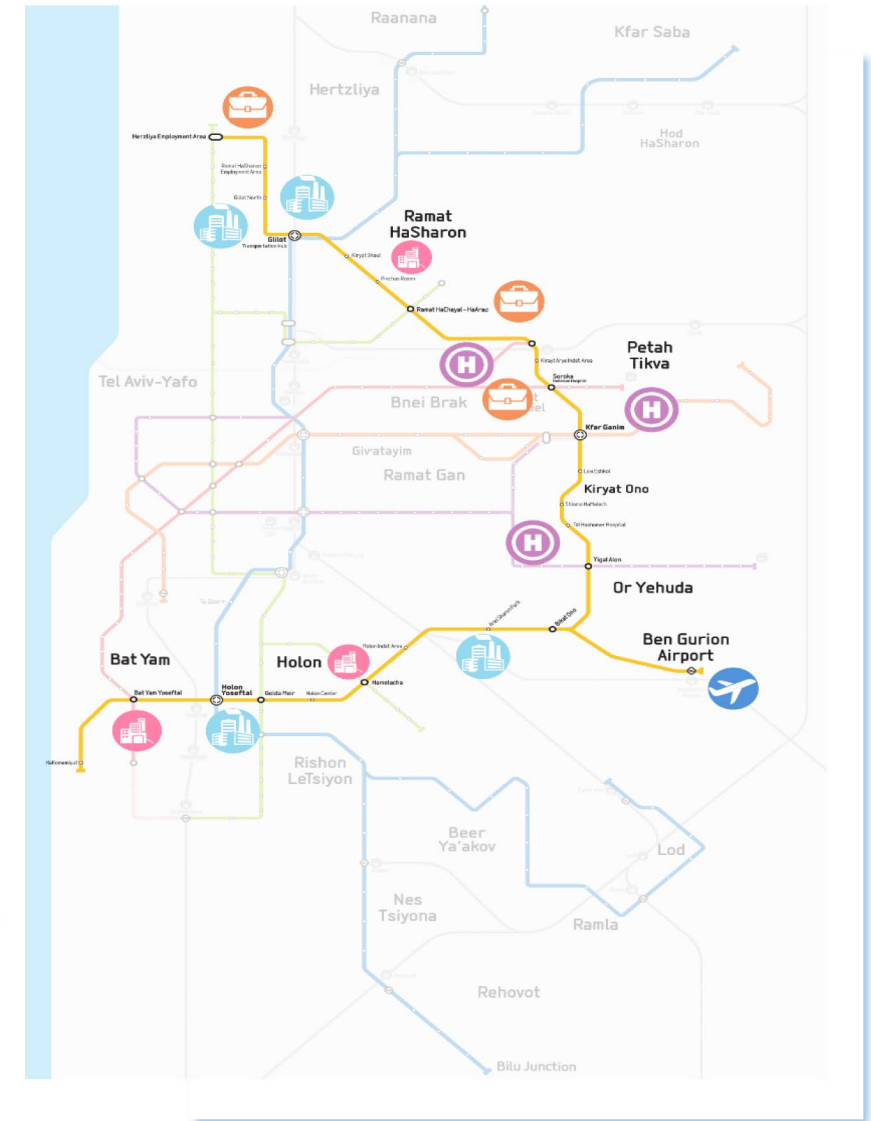
Industrial / commercial zone



Development areas









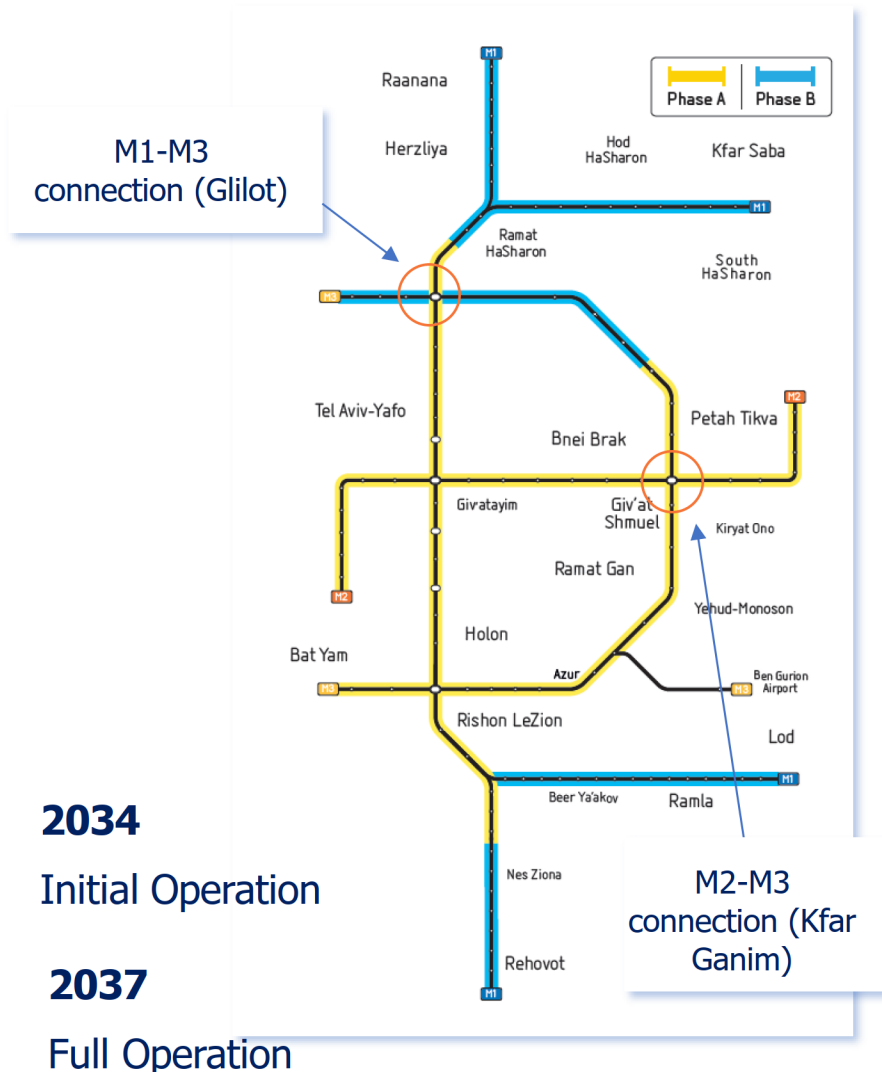
Airport



Project Staging

The Metro Project is divided into two main execution stages:

Stage Execution		M1	M2	M3	Total Network
	Track Length	28 km	26 km	24 km	 78 KM
	Stations	20	22	17	 59 Stations
	Depot	Rishonim	Sgula	Mesubim	 3 Depots
Stage Execution 2		M1	M2	M3	Total Network
	Track Length				
	Stations				
	Depot				
	Track Length	58 km	-	11 km +5 km to airport	 74 KM
	Stations	42	-	7 +1 km to airport	 50 Stations
	Depot	Ra'anana	-	-	 1 Depot
		85km	26km	39km	
		Total: 150 km, 109 Stations			



Main Pillars

- **Definition:** Main technical critical programme decisions.
- **Each pillar decision considered the following aspects:** engineering, cost, time, service, operation and maintenance.

Pillar	Recommendation
Grade of Automation	GoA4 – Unattended and Driverless
Length of Platforms and vehicle	<p>M1- train capacity of ~1012 passengers, 3.2m width, ~115m length. Design for 90 sec headway.</p> <p>M2- train capacity of ~860 passengers, 3.2m width, ~92m length. Design for 90 sec headway.</p> <p>M3- train capacity of ~860 passengers, 3.2m width, ~92m length. Design for 120 sec headway.</p>
Electrification	1500VDC Rigid Overhead Catenary System
Tunneling	<p>Double twin TBM, 6.5m diameter.</p> <p>Combination of mining method for stations- depending on location.</p>

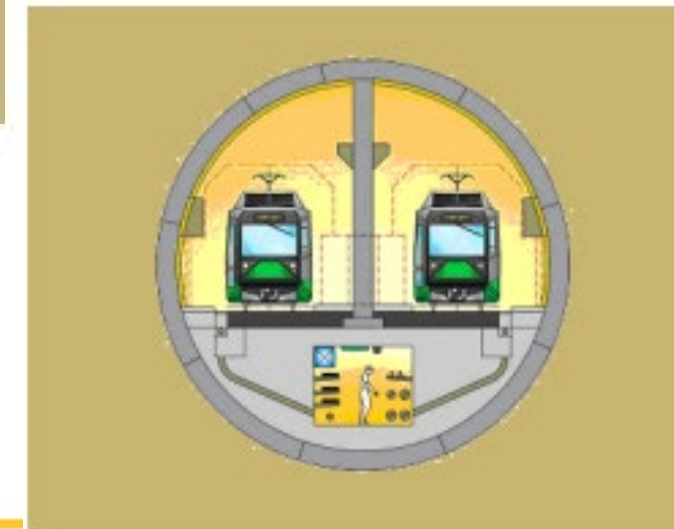
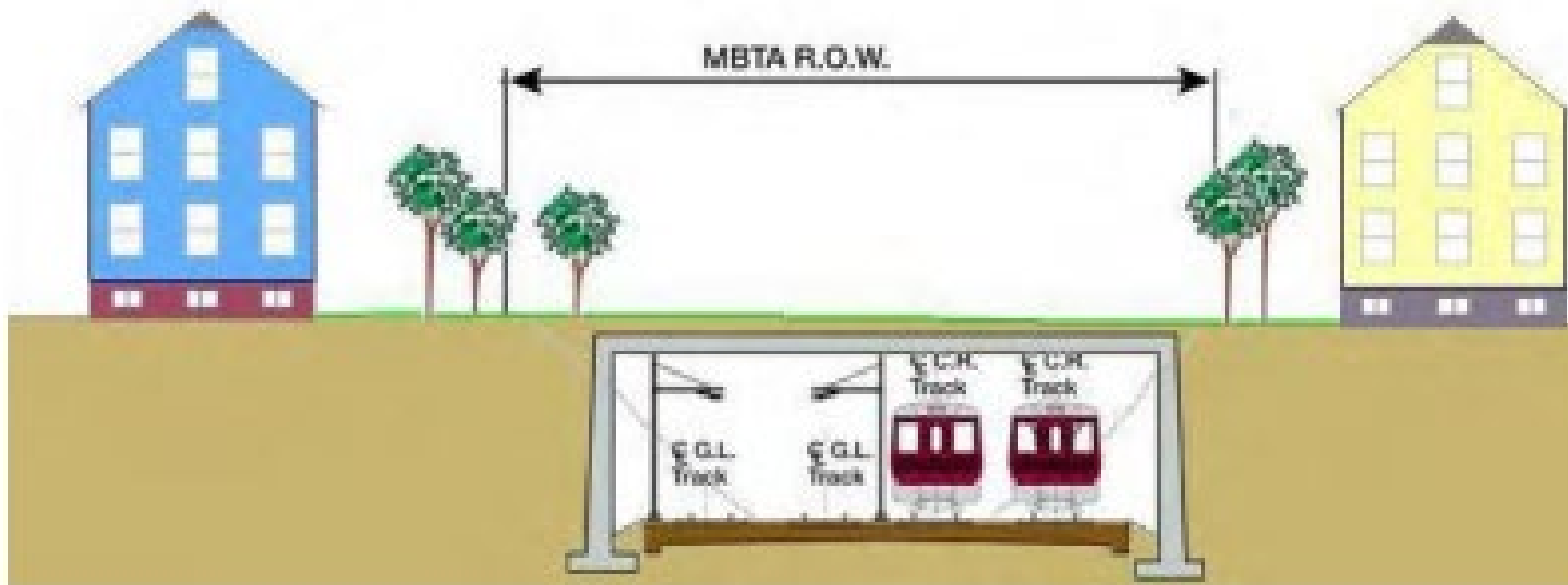
Automatic Train Control (ATC)

- Automatic Train Protection (ATP) - safety system that checks speed limits, signaling input and can emergency brake
- Automatic Train Supervision (ATS) - remote supervision of the train
- Automatic Train Operation (ATO) - system that enables trains to be operated and driven automatically

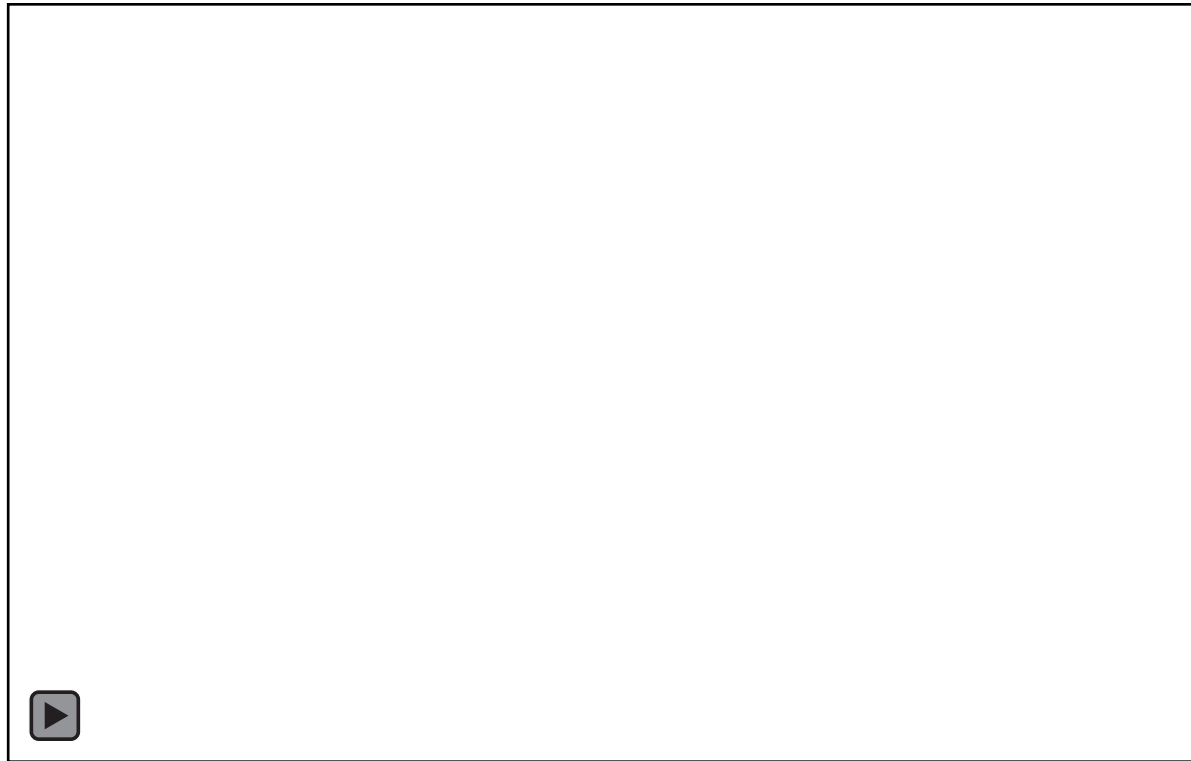
Automatic Train Operation (ATO)

Grade of automation	Train operation	Setting the train in motion	Driving and stopping the train	Opening and closing the doors	Operation in case of disruptions
0 Line of Sight	Just the driver	Driver	Driver	Driver	Driver
1 Non-automatic	ATP with a driver	Driver	Driver	Driver	Driver
2 Semi-automatic	ATP and ATO with a driver	Driver Automatic	Automatic	Driver	Driver
3* Driverless	ATP and ATO without a driver	Automatic	Automatic	Driver Attendant	Attendant
4 Unattended	ATP and ATO without a driver and attendant	Automatic	Automatic	Automatic	Automatic

Types of tunnels



Tunnel Boring Machines



Speed of boring: 100-200 meters per week
Power Consumption: 3-4 MW per machine

Tunnel Boring Machines



1. Excavate launching shaft and retrieval shaft



2. Assemble the TBM at the launching shaft

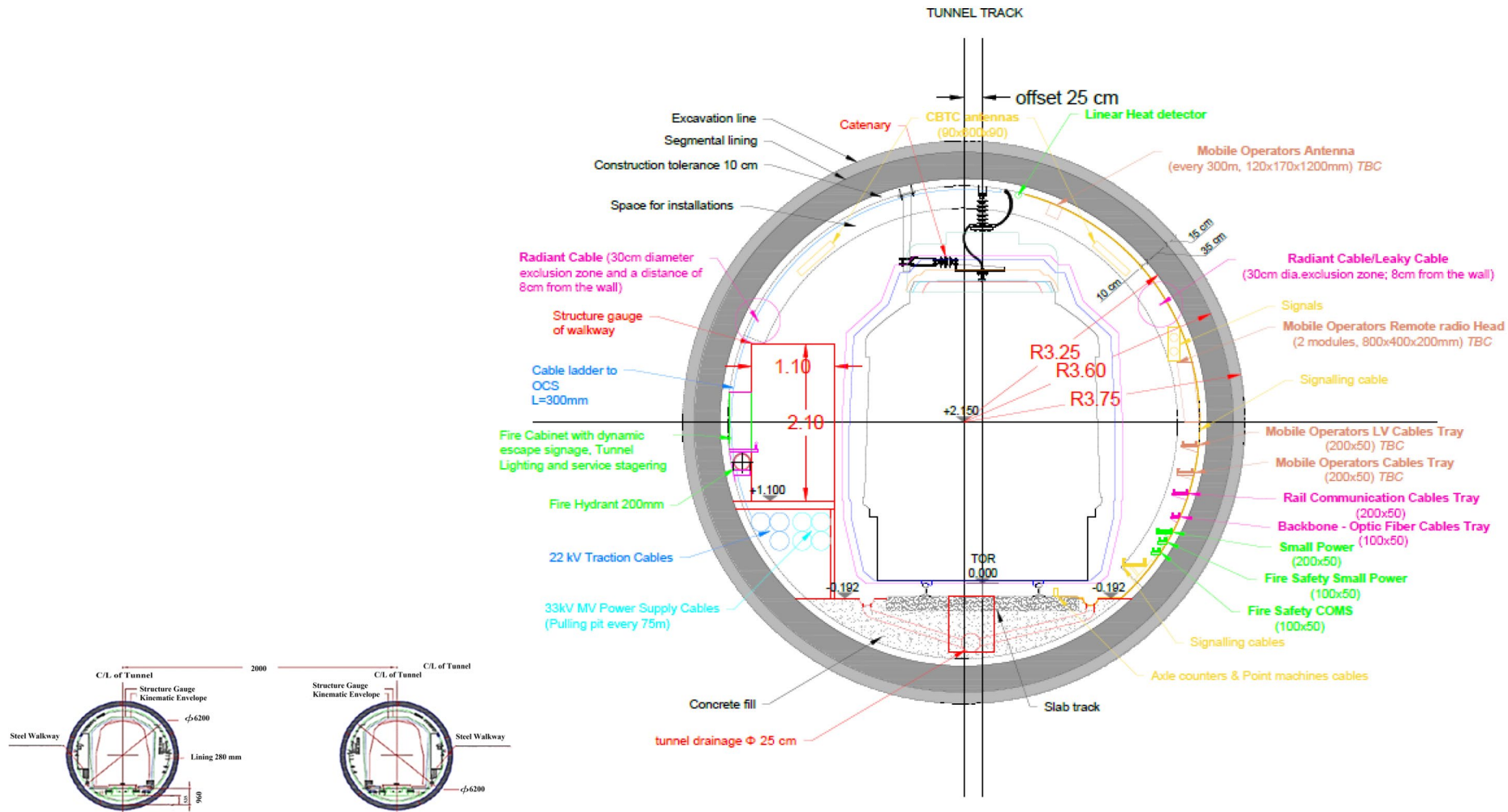


3. Cut and excavate the tunnel









4. TBM arrives in the retrieval shaft to be dismantled for transportation

Tunnel Cross Section

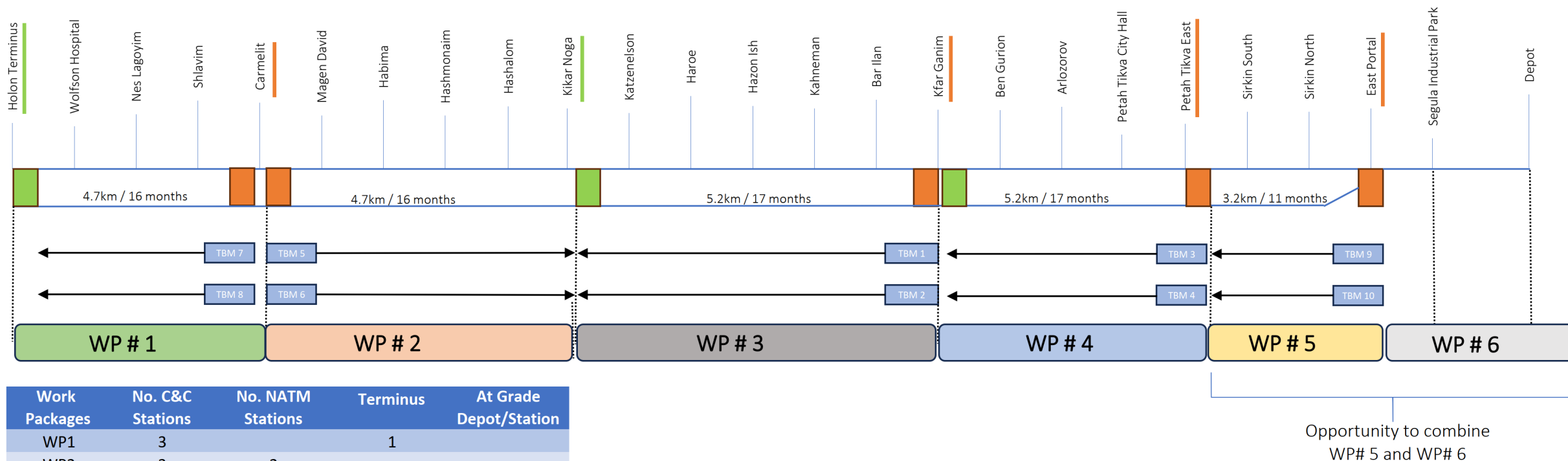


Work Packages Infra 1 Line M1 (12 TBMs)

Stage 1 - M1 - Delivery Strategy (12 TBM's)																								
Sub Stages	Sub stage 3					Sub stage 2								Sub stage 1										
AREAS	Pocket Track	Giliot Transportation Station	Ramat Aviv	Tel Aviv University	Aviv Base	Hayarkon	Namir Pinkas	Tel Aviv Center	Hashalom	Yitz'hak Sade	Haagana	Kiryat Shalom	Holon Junction Station	Tel Giborim	Eilat Dov Hoz	Holon Yoseftal Station	Menahem Begin	Ramat Eliyahu Pocket Track	Ramat Eliahu	Bnot Khil	Rishon LeTsyon Center	Harishonim	Harishonim South Terminus (Crossover)	Harishonim Depot
Infra#1 Packages	Package 4					Package 3								Package 2				Package 1				Package 5		
TBM Movements	TBM Movement 6					TBM Movement 5				TBM Movement 4				TBM Movement 3		TBM Movement 2		TBM Movement 1						
Launching Shafts	M1-C-5	 5.4 kms (18 months)				M1-B-5	 4.1 kms (14 months)			 3.2 kms (11 months)			M1-B-5	 2.9 kms (10 months)		 4.4 kms (15 months)		M1-A-11	 4.9 kms (17 months)					
Retrieving Shafts						Hayarkon				Yitzhak Sade						Yoseftal							Harishonim South	

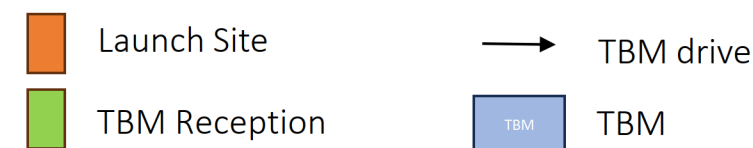
Work Packages	No. C&C Stations	Terminus	Depot
Package 1	4	1	
Package 2	4		
Package 3	8		
Package 4	4	1	
Package 5			1
Total	20	2	1

Work Packages Infra 1 Line M2 (10 TBMs)

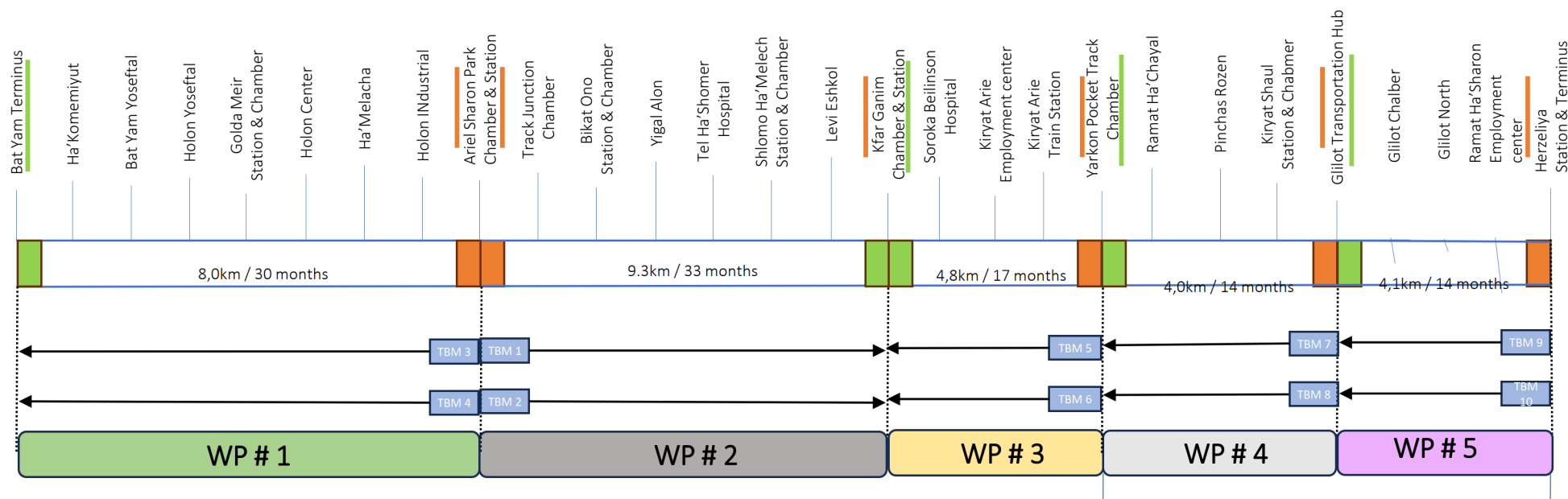


Work Packages	No. C&C Stations	No. NATM Stations	Terminus	At Grade Depot/Station
WP1	3		1	
WP2	3	2		
WP3	1	4		
WP4	2	2		
WP*5	2			
WP6				1
Total	11	8	1	1

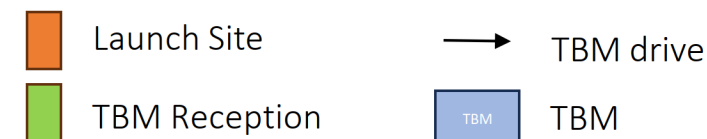
*Including East Portal



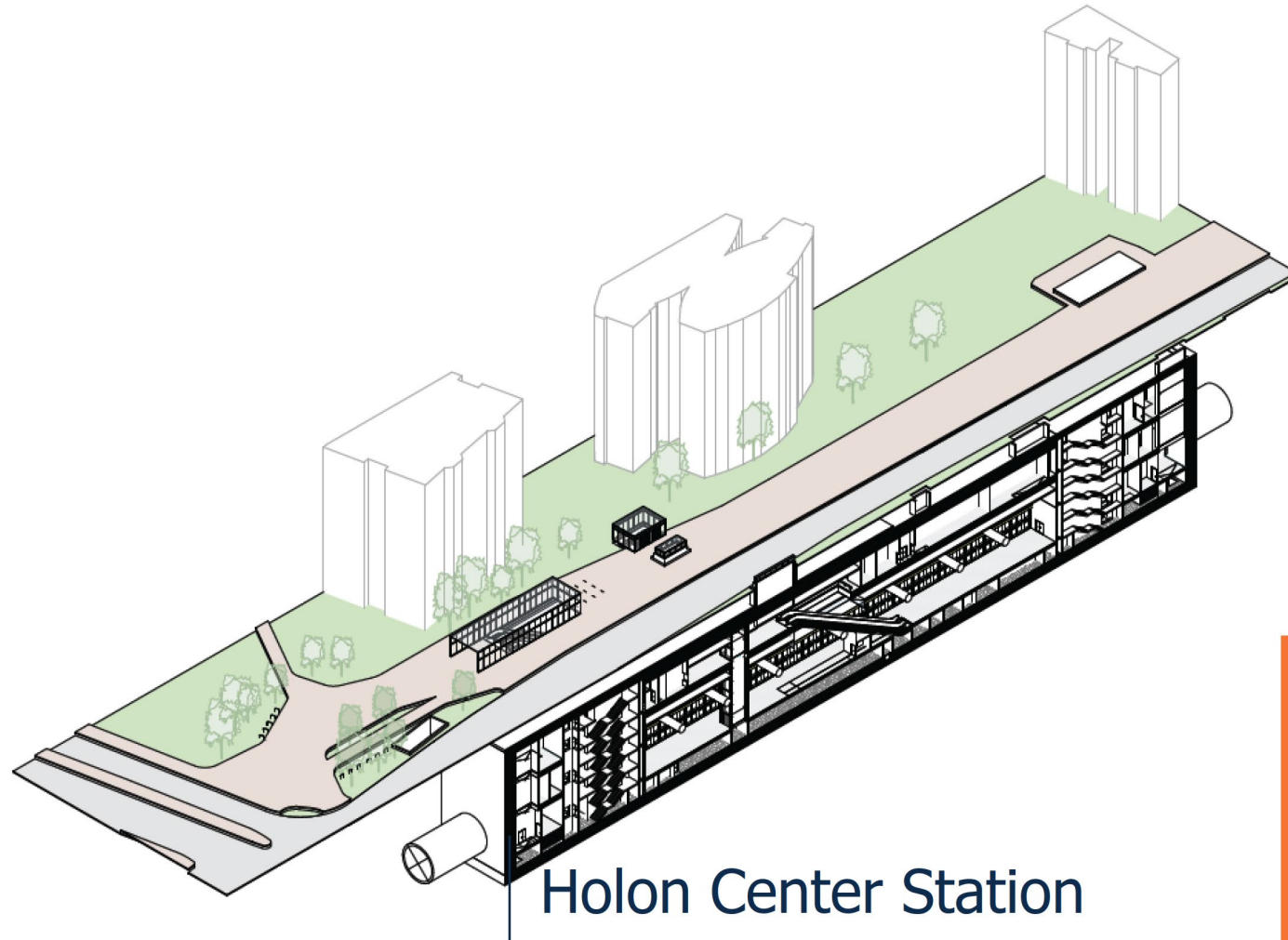
Work Packages Infra 1 Line M3 (10 TBMs)



Work Packages	No. C&C Stations	Terminus	Operational elements
WP1	7	1	1
WP2	6		5
WP3	4		1
WP4	4		1
WP5	3	1	1
Total	24	2	9

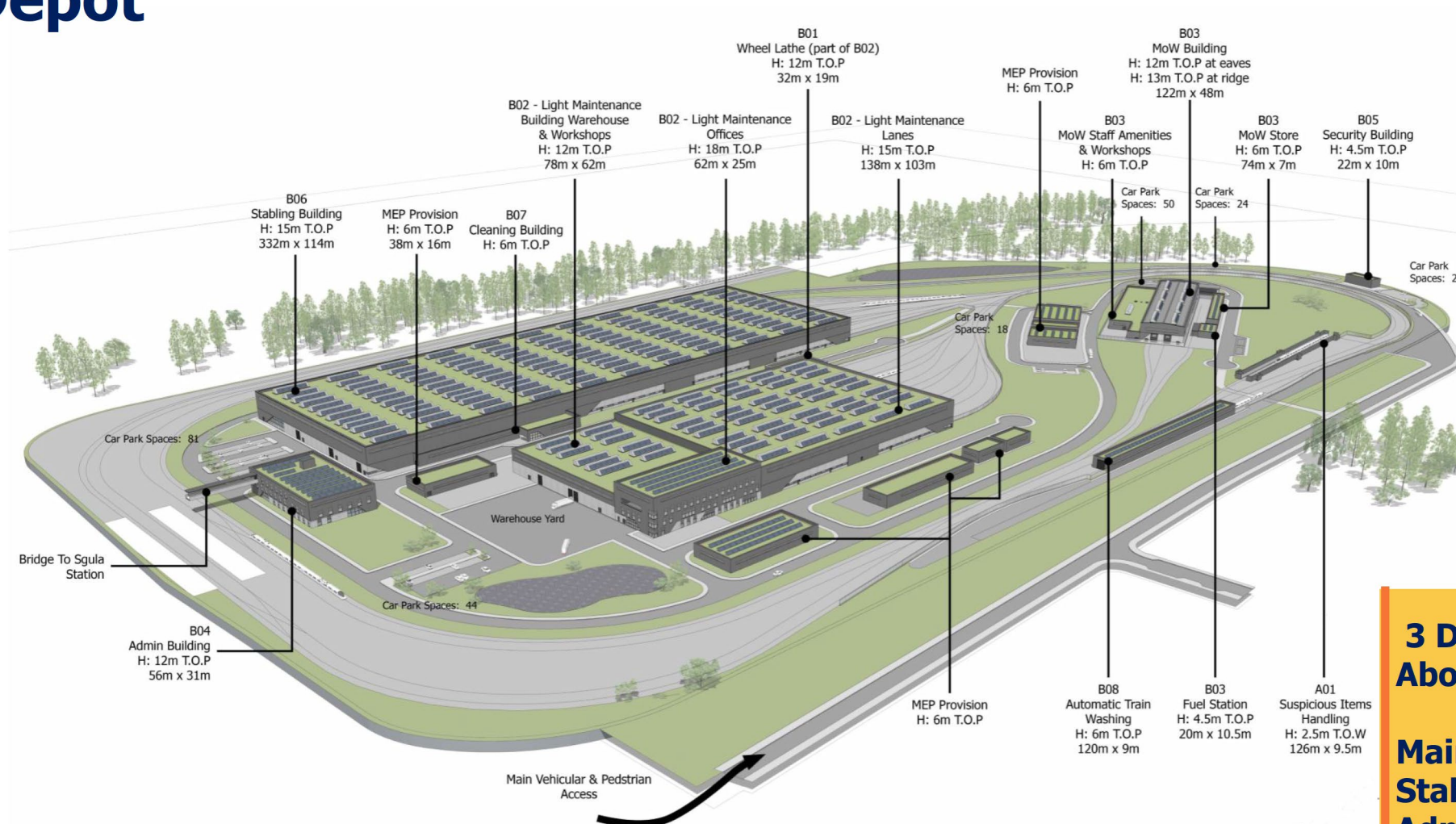


Cut & Cover 3 Levels Floor Stations



C&C 3 levels floor
16 Stations
TOR – about 25m
Platform length- 92/115m

Depot



3 Depots
About 300,000 m² each

Maintenance workshops
Stabling area
Admin buildings

Power Consumption of the Met

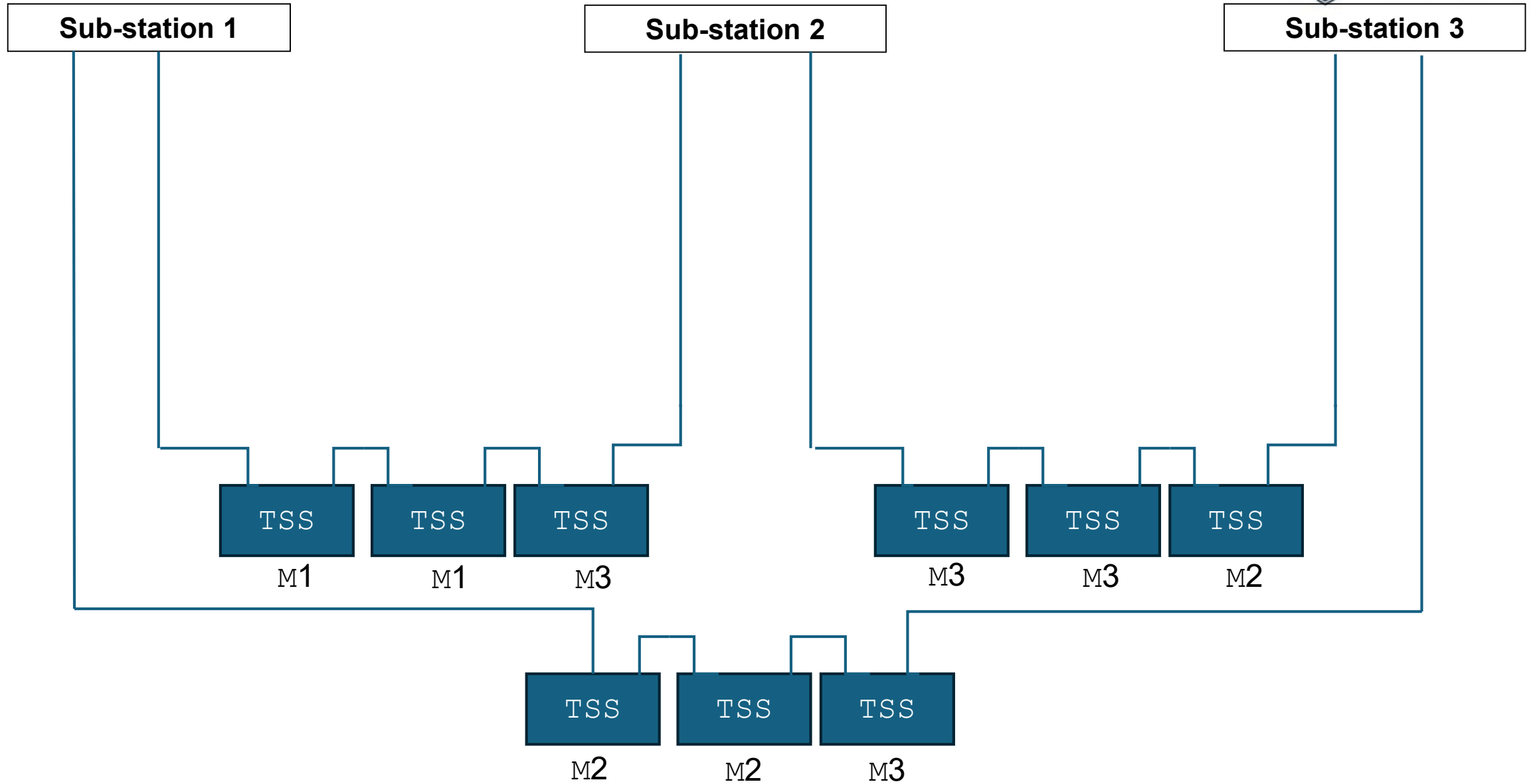
- 300 MW – peak load
- 7 substations 161/33 kV
- Each substation 2x90 MVA transformers
- NOGA request to allocate additional space for up-to 4 transformers
- 2-4 incoming 161 kV overhead/underground lines

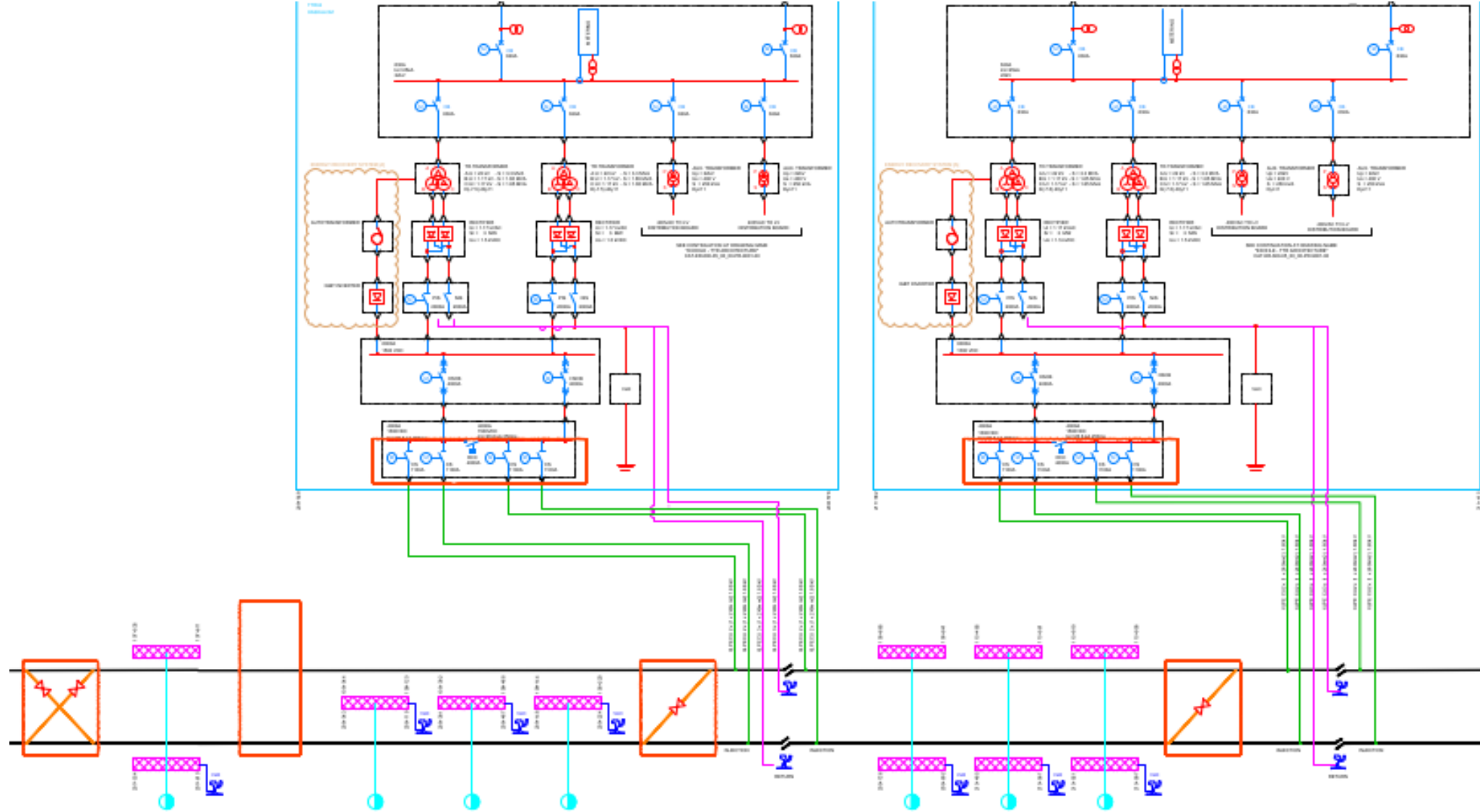


Construction of the Sub-stations

- 2025 – Tender
- 2029 – Energization
- Power supply for the needs of test runs and auxiliaries already at 2031





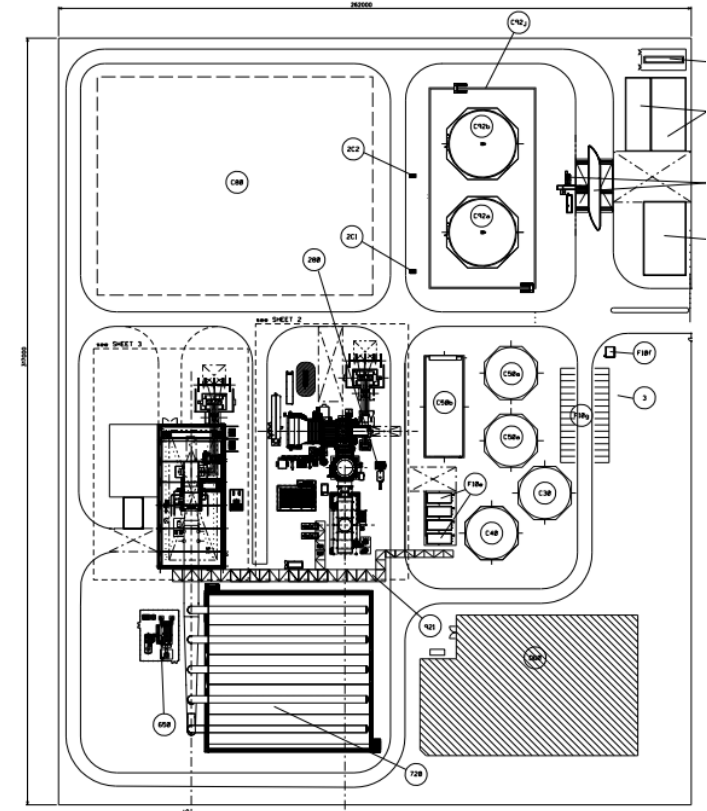


Redundancy

- Internal redundancy @ sub-station level
 - 2 transformers
 - Bus-tie between MV switchgears
- 33 kV loops between sub-stations
- Redundant AC/DC converters
- DC redundant power supply

Power Station

- Power supply in the case of Black-out or in case of major faults in the HV grid
- 300x200 m plot
- 90-120 MW constant load
- Peak shaving by grid or reduced operation in case of failure
- Statutory Process - tender





Thank You